

NAME: _____

Dr. Kauser Jahan

QUIZ: SUSPENDED SOLIDS

1. TS is the sum of

- a) VSS and TDS
- b) TDS and TSS
- c) VSS and FSS
- d) none of the above

$$TS = TSS + TDS$$

or $TDS + TSS$

2. VSS for a wastewater sample can be a measure of

- a) salinity of a sample
- b) bacteria in a sample
- c) temperature of a sample
- d) none of the above

3. TDS can be a measure of

- a) salinity of a sample
- b) temperature of a sample
- c) salinity and conductivity of a sample
- d) none of the above

4. VSS data can be used to predict

- a) if a sample has viruses
- b) the organic content of a sample
- c) the inert content of a sample
- d) none of the above

5. FSS data can be used to predict

- a) if a sample has viruses
- b) the organic content of a sample
- c) the inert content of a sample
- d) none of the above

6. TSS is regulated in treated wastewater and the effluent limit is

- a) 500 mg/L
- b) 30 mg/L
- c) 150 mg/L
- d) none of the above

7. TDS is regulated in drinking water and the limit is

- a) 500 mg/L
- b) 30 mg/L
- c) 150 mg/L
- d) none of the above

8. TSS of a water sample cannot

- a) be less than the FSS
- b) be less than TS
- c) be less than TDS
- d) none of the above

$$TSS = VSS + FSS$$

$$\therefore TSS > FSS$$

9. The following data was obtained for a wastewater sample:

TS 4000 mg/L TSS 5000 mg/L VSS 2000 mg/L FSS 1000 mg/L

If you have confidence that the TS data is accurate then one can conclude that the

- a) VSS data is questionable
- b) TSS data is questionable
- c) FSS data is questionable
- d) All data is accurate

$$4000 = TSS + TDS$$

cannot exceed TS

$$TSS = VSS + FSS$$

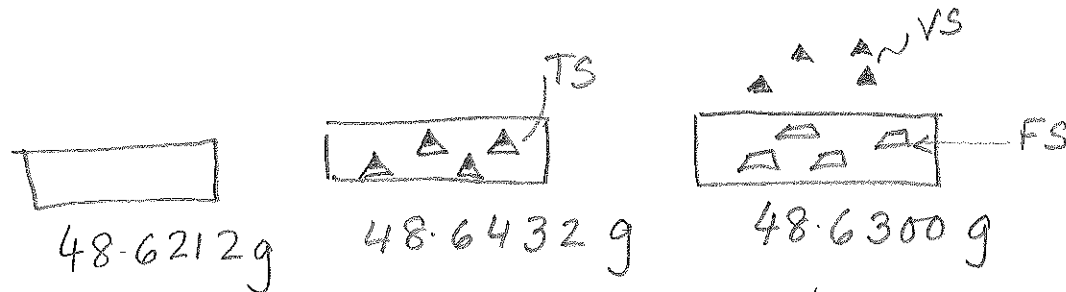
10. Calculate the TS, Volatile and Fixed solids for a sample with data provided below:

Sample volume 100 mL

Weight of dish 48.6212 g

Weight of dish + dry solids after evaporating 100 mL of sample 48.6432 g

Weight of dish + residue after burning the evaporated residue at 550°C followed by cooling 48.6300 g



$$TS = \frac{(48.6432 - 48.6212) \text{ g}}{100 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ mg}}{\text{g}} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ mL}}{\text{L}}$$

$$= \boxed{220 \text{ mg/L}}$$

$$VS = \frac{(48.6432 - 48.63) \text{ g}}{100 \text{ mL}} \cdot \frac{10^3 \text{ mg}}{\text{g}} \cdot \frac{10^3 \text{ mL}}{\text{L}}$$

$$= \boxed{132 \text{ mg/L}}$$

$$FS = TS - VS = \boxed{88 \text{ mg/L}}$$